

KAUFMAN PRODUCTS INC.

3811 CURTIS AVENUE
 BALTIMORE,
 410-354-8600

 MARYLAND
 800-637-6372

 21226-1131
 www.kaufman

SureKote 100 U Component B

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY

Product Identifier: Common Name: SDS Number: Revision Date: Version:	SureKote 100 U – Part B
	1,6 Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Based Polyisocyanate I19 09/22/20 1
Chemical Family: Product Description:	Aliphatic Isocyanate Two Component Polyurethane Coating
Supplier Details:	Kaufman Products, Inc 3811 Curtis Ave
Emergency: Contact: Phone: Fax: Email: Web:	Baltimore, MD 21226 CHEMTREC USA: 1-800-424-9300 410-354-8600 410-354-1122 Info@kaufmanproducts.net www.kaufmanproducts.net

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS):

Health, Respiratory or skin sensitization, 1 Skin Health, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, 2 A Health, Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, 3 Physical, Flammable Liquids, 3 Health, Acute toxicity, 4 Oral Health, Acute toxicity, 4 Inhalation

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS Signal Word: WARNING

GHS Hazard Pictograms:



GHS Hazard Statements:

- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H332 Harmful if inhaled
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation



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GHS Precautionary Statements:

- P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking
- P232 Protect from moisture.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light/equipment.
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water.
- P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+351+338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

- P314 Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- P333 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical attention.
- P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- P403+233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with existing federal, state, and local environmental control laws.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients:

Cas# % Chemical Name

28182-81-2	85-97%	Hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer
822-06-0	0.1-1%	Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate
763-69-9	3-15%	Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:Move to an area free from further exposure. Extreme asthmatic reactions that may occur in sensitized persons can be life
threatening. Get immediate medical attention. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Asthmatic symptoms may
develop and may be immediate or delayed up to several hours.Skin Contact:Remove contaminated clothing and footwear immediately, and wash before reuse. Discard clothing and footwear
which cannot be decontaminated.Eye Contact:Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting eyelids occasionally to facilitate
irrigation. Then remove contact lenses, if easily removeable, and continue irrigation for not less than 15 minutes. Get
medical Attention if irritation develops.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting or attempt chemical neutralization. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get prompt, qualified medical attention.



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Most Important Symptom(s)/Effect(s)

Acute: Isocyanate vapors or mist at concentrations above the exposure limits or guidelines can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) with symptoms of runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing difficulty). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyperreactivity can respond to concentrations below the exposure limits or guidelines with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack or asthma-like symptoms. Exposure well above the exposure limits or guidelines may lead to bronchial, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). Chemical or hypersensitivity pneumonitis, with flu-like symptoms (e.g. fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure. These effects are usually reversible.

May cause skin irritation with symptoms of reddening, itching, and swelling. Can cause sensitization. Persons previously sensitized can experience allergic skin reaction with symptoms of reddening, itching, swelling, and rash. Cured material is difficult to remove.

May cause eye irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling. May cause temporary corneal injury. Vapor or aerosol may cause irritation with symptoms of burning and tearing.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point:	136.0°	° F. (58.0° C.)			
Flash Point Method:	Seta fl	ash			
LEL:	PMA	1.3%; EEP	1.05%; Xylene	1.0%	
UEL:	PMA	13.1%; EEP	Not Determined;	Xylene	7.0%

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

Full emergency equipment with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing should be worn by fire fighters. During a fire, HDI vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. (see Section VIII). Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Closed container may explode when exposed to extreme heat or burst when contaminated with water (CO2 evolved). Solvent vapors may be heavier than air. Stagnant air may cause vapors to accumulate and travel along the ground to an ignition source which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapors.

Unusual Fire or Explosion Hazards:

Closed container may forcibly rupture under extreme heat or when contents are contaminated with water (CO2 formed). Use cold-water spray to cool fire-exposed containers to minimize the risk of rupture. Large fires can be extinguished with large volumes of water applied from a safe distance, since reaction between water and hot diisocyanate can be vigorous.

Extinguishing Media:

Dry chemical; carbon dioxide; foam; water spray for large fires.



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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or Leak Procedures:

Evacuate nonessential personnel. Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Notify appropriate authorities if necessary. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Dike or impound spilled material and control further spillage if feasible. Cover the spill with absorbent material (e.g. sawdust, vermiculite, kitty litter, fullers earth or other absorbent material. Pour decontamination solution over spill area and allow to react for at least 10 minutes. Collect material in open containers and add further amounts of decontamination solution. Remove containers to a safe place, cover loosely, allow to stand for 24 to 48 hours. Wash down spill area with decontamination solutions.

Additional Spill Procedures/Neutralization:

Products or product mixtures that have been shown to be effective neutralization solutions for decontaminating surfaces, tools, or equipment that have been in contact with an isocyanate includes:

Products available through industrial suppliers:

· Spartan Chemical Company: 1-800-537-8990:

Spartan® Shine Line Emulsifier Plus

Spartan® SC-200 Heavy Duty Cleaner

Colorimetric Laboratories, Inc. (CLI): 1-847-803-3737 Isocyanate Decontamination Solution

Mix equal amounts of the following:

Mineral spirits (80%), VM&P Naphtha (15%), and household detergent (5%), and

A 50-50 mixture of monoethanolamine and water

In a separate container, blend the two solutions in a 1:1 ratio by volume. Immediately prior to applying this blended neutralization solution onto the contaminated surface area, mix or agitate the container to help ensure uniform mixing of the ingredients.

If the above products are not available, the following products can be obtained through retail outlets:

- · ZEP® Commercial Heavy-Duty Floor Stripper
- Greased Lightning® Super Strength Cleaner and Degreaser
- · EASY OFF® Grill and Oven Cleaner or EASY OFF® Fume Free Oven Cleaner
- · A mixture of 50% Simple Green® Pro HD Heavy-Duty Cleaner and 50% household ammonia
- A mixture of 90% Fantastic® Heavy-Duty All-Purpose Cleaner and 10% household ammonia.

Waste disposal method:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local environmental control regulations. Incineration is the preferred method. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue and flammable solvent vapor. Decontaminate containers prior to disposal. Do not heat or cut empty container with electric or gas torch.



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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions:

Avoid breathing vapors or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Consider normal working hygiene.

Do not expose containers to open flame, excessive heat, or direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Keep material out of reach of children. Wash clothing before reuse and decontaminate or discard contaminated shoes. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Note: Two component system- the cautions and hazards of both components apply to combined product when mixed.

Storage Requirements:

Storage Temperature (min/max): 30° F. (-34° C)/122° F. (50° C) Shelf Life: One year, if unopened

Special Sensitivity:

If container is exposed to high heat, it can be pressurized and possibly rupture explosively. HDI reacts slowly with water to form CO2 gas. This gas can cause sealed containers to expand and possibly rupture explosively.

Handling/Storage Precautions:

Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. At maximum storage temperatures noted, material may slowly polymerize without hazard. Ideal storage temperature range for ease of handling is 50-81° F. (10-27° C.). Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Employee education and training in the safe use and handling of this product are required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls:

Industrial Hygiene/Ventilation Measures

Good industrial hygiene practice dictates that worker protection should be achieved through engineering controls, such as ventilation, whenever feasible. When such controls are not feasible to achieve full protection, the use of respirators and other personal protective equipment is mandated. Exhaust air may need to be cleaned by scrubbers or filters to reduce environmental contamination. Curing ovens must be ventilated to prevent emissions into the workplace. If oven off-gases are not vented properly (i.e. they are released into the work area), it is possible to be exposed to airborne monomeric HDI.

> 480 min Material tested:Butoject (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M) Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.4 mm Break through time: 79 min Material tested:Camatril (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M) data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300,

Personal Protective Equipment:

Respiratory Protection

A respirator that is recommended or approved for use in isocyanate-containing environments

(air-purifying or fresh air-supplied) may be necessary for spray applications or other situations such as high temperature use which may produce inhalation exposures. A supplied-air respirator (either positive pressure or continuous flow-type) is recommended. Before an airpurifying respirator can be used, air monitoring must be performed to measure airborne concentrations of HDI monomer and HDI polyisocyanate. Specific conditions under which air-purifying respirators can be used are outlined in the following sections. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

SPRAY APPLICATION: A. Good industrial hygiene practice dictates that when isocyanate-based coatings are spray applied, some form of respiratory protection should be worn. During the spray application of coatings containing this product the use of a supplied-air (either positive pressure or continuous flow-type) respirator is mandatory when ONE OR MORE of the following conditions exists: -the airborne isocyanate concentrations are not known; or -the airborne isocyanate monomer concentrations exceed 0.05 ppm averaged over eight (8) hours (10 times the 8 hour TWA exposure limit); or -the airborne polyisocyanate (polymeric, oligomeric) concentrations exceed 5 mg/m3 averaged over 8 hours or 10 mg/m3 averaged over 15 minutes (10 times the 8 hour TWA or the 15 minute STEL exposure limits); or -operations are performed in a confined space (See OSHA Confined Space Standard, 29 CFR 1910.146). A properly fitted air-purifying (combination organic vapor and particulate) respirator, proven by test to be effective in isocyanate-containing spray paint



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environments, and used in accordance with all recommendations made by the manufacturer, can be used when ALL of the following conditions are met: -The airborne isocyanate monomer concentrations are known to be below

0.05 ppm averaged over eight (8) hours (10 times 8 hour TWA exposure limit); and -the airborne polyisocyanate (polymeric, oligomeric) concentrations are known to be below 5 mg/m3 averaged over 8 hours or 10 mg/m3 averaged over 15 minutes (10 times the 8 hour TWA or the 15 minute STEL exposure limits) and - a NIOSH-certified End of Service Life Indicator or a change schedule based upon objective information or data is used to ensure that cartridges are replaced before the end of their service life. In addition, prefilters should be changed whenever breathing resistance increases due to particulate buildup.

NON-SPRAY OPERATIONS: A. During non-spray operations such as mixing, batch-making, brush or roller application, etc., at elevated temperatures (for example, heating of material or application to a hot substrate), it is possible to be exposed to airborne isocyanate vapors. Therefore, when the coatings system will be applied in a non-spray manner, a supplied air (either positive pressure or continuous flow-type) respirator is mandatory when ONE OR MORE of the following conditions exists: - the airborne isocyanate concentrations are not known; or - the airborne isocyanate monomer concentrations exceed

0.05 ppm averaged over eight (8) hours (10 times the 8 hour TWA exposure limit); or - the airborne polyisocyanate (polymeric, oligomeric) concentrations exceed 5 mg/m3 averaged over 8 hours or 10 mg/m3 averaged over 15 minutes (10 times the 8 hour TWA or the 15 minute STEL exposure limits); or - operations are performed in a confined space (See OSHA Confined Space Standard, 29 CFR 1910.146). A properly fitted air-purifying (combination organic vapor and particulate) respirator, proven by test to be effective in isocyanate-containing paint environments, and used in accordance with all recommendations made by the manufacturer, can be used when ALL of the following conditions are met: -the airborne concentrations of the isocyanate monomer are below 0.05 ppm averaged over eight (8) hours (10 times the 8 hour TWA exposure limit); and - the airborne polyisocyanate (polymeric, oligomeric) concentrations are known to be below 5 mg/m3 averaged over eight (8) hours or 10 mg/m3 averaged over 15 minutes (10 times the 8 hour TWA or the 15 minute STEL exposure limits) and - a NIOSH-certified End of Service Life Indicator or a change schedule based upon objective information or data is used to ensure that cartridges are replaced before the end of their service life. In addition, prefilters should be changed whenever breathing resistance increases due to particulate buildup.

Hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer (28182-81-2) [85-97%]: no data available

Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate (822-06-0) [0.1-1%]:

Components with workplace control parameters

TWA Upper R	0.0050 ppm espiratory Tract Irrita	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) ation Respiratory sensitization
TWA 10-mini	0.0050 ppm 0.035 mg/m3 ute ceiling value	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
C 10-mini	0.02 ppm 0.14 mg/m3 ute ceiling value	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester (763-69-9) [3-15%]: no data available



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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Physical State:	Clear to Slightly Yellow Liquid
Spec. Gravity:	1.0 - 1.2 @ 68° F. (20° C.)
Molecular weight:	Approx. 500 (Polyisocyanate)
Odor:	Solvent ester type odor
Solubility:	Resin is insoluble - reacts slowly with water
Percent Volatile:	By Volume: 4% to 14%

SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Conditions to Avoid:	Product is stable under normal conditions. Heat, flames, and sparks
Materials to Avoid:	Water, Amines, Strong bases, Alcohols, Copper alloys
Hazardous Decomposition:	By Fire and High Heat: Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), dense black smoke., Hydrogen cyanide, Isocyanate, Isocyanic Acid, Other undetermined compounds
Hazardous Polymerization:	May occur; contact with moisture or other materials which react with isocyanates or temperatures over 350° F. (177° C) may cause polymerization.

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure: Skin Contact, Inhalation, Eye Contact

Health Effects and Symptoms

Acute:

Isocyanate vapors or mist at concentrations above the exposure limits or guidelines can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) with symptoms of runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing difficulty). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyperreactivity can respond to concentrations below the exposure limits or guidelines with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack or asthma-like symptoms. Exposure well above the exposure limits or guidelines may lead to bronchials, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). Chemical or hypersensitivity pneumonitis, with flu-like symptoms (e.g. fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure. These effects are usually reversible.

May cause skin irritation with symptoms of reddening, itching, and swelling. Can cause sensitization. Persons previously sensitized can experience allergic skin reaction with symptoms of reddening, itching, swelling, and rash. Cured material is difficult to remove.

May cause eye irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling. May cause temporary corneal injury. Vapor or aerosol may cause irritation with symptoms of burning and tearing.

May cause irritation of the digestive tract; Symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Chronic:



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As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals may develop sensitization to isocyanates (asthma or asthma-like symptoms) that may cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanates at levels well below the exposure limits or guidelines. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Extreme asthmatic reactions can be life threatening. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air, or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Sensitization can be permanent.

Prolonged contact with skin can cause reddening, swelling, rash, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Animal tests and other research indicate that skin contact with isocyanates can play a role in causing isocyanate sensitization and respiratory reaction. This data reinforces the need to prevent direct skin contact with isocyanates.

Prolonged vapor contact with the eyes may cause conjunctivitis.

Delayed: Symptoms affecting the respiratory tract can also occur several hours after overexposure.

Hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer (28182-81-2) [85-97%]

Toxicity Note: Data is based on a similar product, including residual monomer. Acute Oral Toxicity: LD50: > 5000 mg/kg (rat, female) (OECD Test Guideline 423) Acute Inhalation Toxicity: LC50: 0.554 mg/l, 4 h (rat)

The test atmosphere generated in the animal study is not representative of workplace environments, how the substance is placed on the market, and how it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore, the test result cannot be directly applied for the purpose of assessing hazard. Based on the weight of the evidence, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

Skin Irritation: rabbit, slight irritant Eye Irritation: rabbit, slight irritant Sensitization: Skin sensitization according to Magnusson/Kligmann (maximizing test): positive (guinea pig, OECD Test Guideline 406)

Repeated Dose Toxicity: Sub chronic inhalation toxicity, rat:

Test concentration - 0,4 ; 3,4 and 21,0 mg aerosol/m³exposure time - 13 weeks(6 hours a day, 5 days a week)3,4 mg/m³ was tolerated without damage (NOEL),21,0 mg/m³ caused increase of lung weight. No evidence of histopathological changes in the upper and central respiratory passages. Unspecific changes in the lower respiratory tract; these are attributed to the product's primary irritation potential. Evidence of damage to organs other than the organs of respiration was not found.

Mutagenicity:

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro: Salmonella/microsome test (Ames test): No indication of mutagenic effects. Genetic Toxicity in Vivo: Micronucleus test: negative (mouse)



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Hexamethylene-1,6-Diisocyanate (822-06-0) [0.1-1.0%]

Acute Oral Toxicity: LD50: 746 mg/kg (rat, male) (OECD Test Guideline 401) Acute Inhalation Toxicity: LC50: 0.124 mg/l, 4 h (rat, male/female) (OECD Test Guideline 403) Acute Dermal Toxicity: LD50: > 7000 mg/kg (rat, male/female) (OECD Test Guideline 402) Skin Irritation: rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 404, Corrosive Eye Irritation: rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 405, Corrosive Sensitization: dermal: sensitizer (guinea pig, Maximization Test (GPMT)) Other isocyanates have been shown to produce dermal and respiratory sensitization in several species (guinea pigs, mice, rabbits, dogs). In addition, there is some evidence to suggest that cross-sensitization between different types of diisocyanates may occur. dermal: sensitizer (Human, Case Report) Respiratory sensitization: sensitizer (guinea pig) Repeated Dose Toxicity 2 years, inhalation: NOAEL: < 0.005 ppm, LOAEL: 0.005 ppm, (rat, Male/Female, 6 hrs./day 5 days/week). Irritation to lungs and nasal cavity.

Mutagenicity

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro: Salmonella/microsome test (Ames test): negative (Salmonella typhimurium, Metabolic Activation: with/without) Point mutation in mammalian cells (HPRT test): negative (Metabolic Activation: with/without) Genetic

Toxicity in Vivo: Micronucleus test: negative (mouse, male/female, Inhalative)

Carcinogenicity

rat, male/female, Inhalative, 2 yrs., 6 hours/day, 5 days/week, did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments.

Toxicity to Reproduction/Fertility Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test, Inhalative, 6 hours/day 7 days/week, (rat, male/female) NOAEL (F2): 0.3 ppm Fertility and developmental toxicity tests did not reveal any effect on reproduction.

Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity: Rat, female, inhalation, gestation days 0 - 19, daily, NOAEL (teratogenicity): >0.3 ppm, NOAEL (maternal): < 0.3 ppm No Teratogenic effects observed at doses tested.

No fetotoxicity observed at doses tested.

Neurological Effects

Rats exposed by inhalation, 6 hours/day, for approximately 3 weeks, to concentrations as high as 0.3 ppm showed no neurobehavioral effects or damage to nerve tissues.

Carcinogenicity:

No carcinogenic substances as defined by IARC, NTP and/or OSHA



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Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester (763-69-9) [3-15%]

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity: Oral LD50 LD50 Oral - rat - male - > 5,000 mg/kg LD50 Oral - rat - female - 4,309 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 LC50 Inhalation - rat - male - 6 h - > 998ppm Dermal LD50 LD50 Dermal - rabbit - male - 4,080 mg/kg LD50 Dermal - rabbit - female - 4,680 mg/kg Other information on acute toxicity no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin - rabbit - No skin irritation - 4 h - OECD Test Guideline 404

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Eyes - rabbit - No eye irritation - 24 h - OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization: guinea pig - Does not cause skin sensitization. - OECD Test Guideline 406

Germ cell mutagenicity: Genotoxicity in vitro - S. typhimurium - with and without metabolic activation - negative

Carcinogenicity:

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity: no data available

Teratogenicity: no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System): no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System): no data available

Aspiration hazard: no data available

Potential health effects: Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation. Eyes May cause eye irritation.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Nausea, Headache, Vomiting, Central nervous system depression, Dizziness

Synergistic effects: no data available

Additional Information: Repeated dose toxicity - rat - male and female - Oral - No observed adverse effect level - 1,000 mg/kg RTECS: UF3325000



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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer (28182-81-2) [85-97%]

Biodegradation: 1 %, Exposure time: 28 d, i.e. not readily degradable

Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish: LC50: > 100 mg/l (Danio rerio (zebra fish), 96 h)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates: EC50: > 100 mg/l (Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 h) Toxicity to

Aquatic Plants: ErC50: > 100 mg/l, (Scenedesmus subspicatus, 72 h)

Toxicity to Microorganisms: EC50: > 100 mg/l, (activated sludge, 3 h)

Additional Ecotoxicological Remarks: Data is based on a similar product, including residual monomer.

Hexamethylene-1,6-Diisocyanate (822-06-0) [0.1-1.0%]

Biodegradation: aerobic, 42 %, Exposure time: 28 d, i.e. not readily degradable

Bioaccumulation: value calculated, 57.6 BCF

An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected. Value calculated, 3.2 BCF

An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected. Studies of hydrolysis products. Acute

and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish: LC0: >= 82.8 mg/l (Danio rerio (zebra fish), 96h)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates: EC0: >= 89.1 mg/l (Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 h) Toxicity to

Aquatic Plants: ErC50: > 77.4 mg/l, (Desmodesmus subspicatus (Green algae), 72 h) Toxicity to

Microorganisms: EC50: 842 mg/l, (activated sludge, 3 h)

Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester (763-69-9) [3-15%]

Toxicity:

Toxicity to fish static test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 55.3 mg/l - 96 h. Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 static test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 45.3 mg/l - 96 h Toxicity to daphnia Immobilization EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 479.7 mg/l - 48 h. and other aquatic Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 invertebrates Immobilization EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 785 mg/l - 48 h Toxicity to algae Growth inhibition EC50 - Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae) - > 114.86 mg/l - 72 h. Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Toxicity to bacteria Growth inhibition IC50 - other microorganisms - > 5,000 mg/l - 16 h. Persistence and

degradability: no data available

Bio accumulative potential: no data available



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Mobility in soil: no data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: no data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Harmful to aquatic

life.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local environmental control regulations. Incineration is the preferred method. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue and flammable solvent vapor. Decontaminate containers prior to disposal. Do not heat or cut empty container with electric or gas torch

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN1263, Paint including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler, and liquid lacquer base, 3

If quantity is in a non-bulk packaging (less than 119 gallons), this material ships as non-regulated unless the combustible liquid is a hazardous substance of a hazardous waste.

IMO/IMDG ICAO/IATA

Hazard Label-----Flammable Liquid Hazard Placard-----Flammable Liquid

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer (28182-81-2) [85-97%] TSCA

RQ (100LBS), Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate (822-06-0) [0.1-1%] CERCLA, HAP, MASS, SARA313, TSCA, TXAIR

Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester (763-69-9) [3-15%] TSCA TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act CERCLA = Superfund cleanup substance HAP = Hazardous Air Pollutants MASS = MA Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List SARA313 = SARA 313 Title III Toxic Chemicals TXAIR = TX Air Contaminants with Health Effects Screening Level



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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

LIMITED WARRANTY

We warrant our products to be of good quality and will replace material proved detective. Satisfactory results depend not only upon quality products, but also upon many factors beyond our control. Therefore, except for such replacement, Kaufman Products, Inc makes no warranty or guarantee, expressed or implied, including warranties of fitness or merchantability, respecting its products, and Kaufman Products, Inc shall haye no other liability with respect hereto. User shall determine the suitability of the product or the intended use and assume all risks and liability in connection thereto. Our salesmen. distributors and their salesmen have no authority to change the printed recommendations concerning the use of our products.

DISCLAIMER

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed solely as a guide for the safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal, and release by a person trained in chemical handling. This is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated, and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified on either the latest version of our product data sheet or safety data sheet. Users and handlers of this product should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information provided herein for their own purposes.